VI Semester B.A./B.Sc. Examination, August/September 2023 (Fresh) (CBCS) (2022-23 and Onwards)

## MATHEMATICS – VIII

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Instruction : Answer all Parts.

PART - A

I. Answer any five questions :

- 1) Evaluate  $\lim_{z\to 3i} \frac{2z+5}{z^2-2z+3}$ .
- 2) Show that  $|z (2 + 3i)| \le 5$  represents a circle.
- 3) Prove that  $u = \frac{1}{2} \log(x^2 + y^2)$  is harmonic.
- 4) Define bilinear transformation.
- State Liouville's theorem.
- 6) If f(z) is differentiable at  $z = z_0$  then prove that f(z) is continuous at  $z = z_0$ .
- 7) Find the real root of the equation  $x^3 2x 5 = 0$  in (2, 3) in one step by using Regula-Falsi method.
- 8) Write Newton-Raphson iterative formula.

II. Answer any four questions :

1.0

- 9) Prove that  $|z 1|^2 + |z + 1|^2 = 4$  represents a circle and find its centre and radius.
- 10) Derive the Cauchy-Reimann equations in the form  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial r} = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial v}{\partial \theta}$  and  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial \theta} = r \frac{\partial v}{\partial r}$ .
- 11) Prove that  $f(z) = \log z$  is analytic and hence  $f'(z) = \frac{1}{z}$ .
- 12) Show that  $u = x^3 3xy^2$  is harmonic and find its harmonic conjugate.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$ 

CB - 172

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$ 

P.T.O.

CB – 172

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 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$ 

13) Find the orthogonal trajectories of the family of the curves  $e^{-x} \cos y + xy = c$ .

14) If f(z) = u + iv is analytic, then prove that  $\left[\frac{\partial}{\partial x}|f(z)|\right]^2 + \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial y}|f(z)|\right]^2 = |f'(z)|^2$ . PABT - C

- III. Answer any four questions :
  - 15) Evaluate  $\int_{C} (2y + x^2) dx + (3x y) dy$  along the curve x = 2t and  $y = t^2 + 3$  where  $0 \le t \le 1$ .
  - 16) State and prove Cauchy's integral theorem.
  - 17) Evaluate  $\int_{C} \frac{e^z dz}{(z-1)(z-2)}$  where C is the curve |z| = 3.
  - 18) State and prove fundamental theorem of algebra.
  - 19) Prove that  $w = \frac{1}{2}$  transforms a circle to circle or to a straight line.
  - 20) Find the bilinear transformation which maps  $z = 0, 1, \infty$  onto w = 1, -i, -1.

## IV. Answer any four questions :

- 21) Using Bisection method to find a real root of the equation  $x^3 4x + 9 = 0$  correct to three decimal places.
- 22) Solve 10x + y + z = 12, 2x + 10y + z = 13 and 2x + 2y + 10z = 14 by Gauss Jacobi method.
- 23) By using Power method, find the largest eigenvalue of the method

 $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 6 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\psi_{\ell}} X_{0} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}.$ 

1.1

- 24) Using Taylor's series method find y at x = 0.2 considering the terms upto fourth degree, given  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x y^2$  with y(0) = 1.
- 25) Find the solution of  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$  with y(0) = 1 for x = 0.1 using Euler's modified method.
- 26) Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = xy$  given y(1) = 2 at x = 1.2 by using Runge-Kutta method taking h = 0.2.

(4×5=20)