

V Semester B.Sc. Examination, March/April 2022 (CBCS) (2019 – 20 and Onwards) (F+R) STATISTICS – V

Sampling Theory and Statistical Quality control



Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Instructions: 1) Answer any five questions in Section A and five questions from Section B.

2) Scientific calculators are permitted.

SECTION - A

Answer any five of the following questions.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 1. What are the different sources of errors in a sample survey? Explain.
- Obtain an expression for sample size while estimating population mean in case of SRSWOR.
- 3. What is stratified random sampling? Mention its advantages. Explain proportional and optimum allocation.
- 4. What are the merits and demerits of systematic sampling?
- Describe the steps involved in the construction of charts for mean and standard deviation.
- 6. Discuss the advantages of control charts for variables and control charts for attributes.
- 7. Briefly explain the construction of 'P' Chart.
- 8. Describe single and double sampling plan.

SECTION - B

Answer any five of the following.

 $(5 \times 9 = 45)$

- 9. a) Describe the advantages of sampling over complete enumeration.
 - b) Show that in SRSWOR, the probability of selecting a specified unit of the population at any given draw is equal to the probability of selecting it at the first draw. (4+5)

P.T.O.



10. a) In SRSWOR the variance of the sample mean is given by

$$V(\overline{y}) = \left(\frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{N}\right)S^2.$$

b) What is sampling with and without replacement.

(7+2)

9

- 11. a) Explain SRS for proportions. Prove that sample proportion is an unbiased estimator of population proportions.
 - b) With usual notations obtain the expression for $V(\widehat{A})$, where $\widehat{A} = NP$. Also write confidence limits for the total no. of units possessing the given attribute in the population. (4+5)
- Obtain the unbiased estimator of the population mean in case of stratified random sampling and derive its variance and deduce it under proportional and optimum allocation.
- 13. a) With usual notations prove that in linear systematic sampling variance of sample mean is given by $V(\bar{y}_{sys})\frac{N-1}{N}S^2 \left(\frac{n-1}{N}\right)KS^2_{wsys}$
 - b) Prove that systematic sample mean is more precise than the mean of SRSWOR if $S^2_{wsys} \ge S^2$ (5+4)
- 14. a) Explain the main tools of statistical quality control.
 - b) Distinguish between
 - i) Defect and defective
 - ii) Action limits and warning limits.

(5+4)

- 15. a) Distinguish between
 - i) AQL and LTPD
 - ii) Producer's risk and consumer's risk.
 - b) Write expression for ASN and ATI in double sampling plan.

(5+4)