# VI Semester B.Sc. Examination, September/October 2022 (CBCS) ( $\mathrm{F}+\mathrm{R}$ ) (2019-20 and Onwards) <br> STATISTICS - VII <br> Applied Statistics 

Time : 3 Hours
Max. Marks: 70

> Instructions: i) Answer any five questions from Section - $\boldsymbol{A}$ and five questions from Section - $\mathbf{B}$.
ii) Scientific calculators are permitted.

## SECTION - A (25 Marks)

I. Answer any five questions :

1) Define time series. Explain irregular variation.

2) Explain semi average method.
3) Define index number. Why Fisher's index number is called an ideal index number?
4) Explain the steps involved in the construction of index number.
5) Explain census method and registration method of collecting vital statistics.
6) Define the terms cohort, radix, longevity, expectation of life and force of mortality.
7) Explain statistical system of post-independence India.
8) Write uses of National Income Statistics.
SECTION - B (45 Marks)
II. Answer any five questions:
9) a) Explain method of fitting quadratic trend equation.
b) Explain construction of seasonal indices by ratio to moving average method.
10) a) Show that Marshall-Edgeworth price index number satisfies only TRT but not FRT.
b) If $P_{01}^{P}<P_{01}^{L}$ then prove that $P_{01}^{P}<P_{01}^{F}<P_{01}^{L}$.
P.T.O.
11) a) Write a short note on measurement of population.
b) Define the terms :
12) Age specific fertility rate
13) Female age specific fertility rate
14) Total fertility rate
15) Gross reproduction rate
16) Net reproduction rate.
17) a) Given age ( $x$ ) and number of individuals at age $x(1 x)$, how do you find the other components of life table?
b) Distinguish between stable population and stationary population.
18) Explain the following:
19) Randomized control studies
20) Cross sectional studies
21) Observational studies
22) Case control studies.
23) a) Define relative risk. Obtain $(1-\alpha) 100 \%$ confidence interval for relative risk.
b) Write down uses of ROC curve.
24) a) Write a short note on NSSO.
b) Define the terms NNP and NDP.
